WHY SHOULD YOU LEARN ABOUT POISON PREVENTION?

Because everyone is at risk for a poisoning exposure.

Medications

- Store medications out of sight and out of reach of children.
- Read the label and follow directions before taking medicine.
- Don't take or give medicine in the dark, without your glasses, or while you are sleepy.
- Never share medicine with someone else.
- Get rid of old medicines by flushing them down the toilet, rinsing the containers, and throwing the containers away.

Carbon Monoxide

- Vent fuel-burning appliances outside whenever possible, and have them inspected every year.
- Don't idle the car in the garage.
- Don't use a gas oven or charcoal grill to heat your home.
- Know the symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning: severe headaches, dizziness, confusion, nausea, faintness, and shortness of breath.

Chemicals

- Never mix cleaning products or chemicals (such as bleach and ammonia).
- Keep products in their original containers with the original labels.
- Read all labels before using any household product.
- Don't keep cleaning products on the kitchen counter.

For more information call the State of Alaska Poison Control System, 907-465-1185, or visit the website at: www.chems.alaska.gov/ems poison control.htm

Plands

- Some plants can cause skin rashes or irritation, which may be serious and painful.

 Keep all houseplants
- out of children's reach.

 Teach children never to put any part of a plant into their mouths
- without checking with a grown-up.



First Aid and Treatment for Poisonings

Poisons in the Mouth

- Call the poison center, whether the poison was swallowed or not.
- Don't give the patient anything to eat or drink, or make the patient vomit, unless told to do so by the poison center or a health care provider. You may be told to give the patient small sips of water or milk.

If you suspect a poisoning call 1-800-222-1222 right away - don't wait for symptoms to appear.

Poisons on the Skin

Remove any contaminated clothing, being careful not to get the poison on yourself.
Rinse the affected parts gently with water, then wash with soap and water and rinse thoroughly.

Roisons in the Eye

- Remove contact lenses (if worn).
- Rinse both eyes for a full 15 minutes with clean, running water.
- Open and close the eyes repeatedly during irrigation this helps carry the water to all parts of the eye.

Poisons in the Air

- Get the person to fresh air immediately, if you can do so without being exposed yourself you might have to wait for trained help to arrive.
- If possible without exposing yourself to the poison, open windows and doors to ventilate the space, then evacuate the area.

When you call the Poison Center

- Be able to answer questions about the age, sex, weight, and medical history of the patient.
- Have the poisonous substance or its container within reach while speaking to the poison center.
- If instructed to go to the E.R. or clinic, take the substance or its container with you.
- Activated charcoal in your home first aid kit, but DO NOT USE EITHER PRODUCT unless you are instructed to do so by poison center staff or a health care provider.

- If the patient is unconscious or not breathing, call 911.
- Remove the patient and yourself from contact with the poison.
- Once the patient is in a safe location, begin other lifesaving measures as directed.